MEMORANDUM

TO:	George Hong Baileys Star LLC
FROM:	William F. Johnson, P.E., PTOE Griffin P. Kuhn
RE:	Gatewood Plaza City of Fairfax, Virginia
SUBJECT:	Parking Reduction
DATE:	May 3, 2024



11220 Assett Loop Suite 202, Manassas, VA 20109 703-365-9262 WellsandAssociates.com

INTRODUCTION

This memorandum provides an analysis to support a Special Exception (SE) submitted to allow the reduction of certain parking requirements for a proposed development in The City of Fairfax, Virginia. The site is located at 10201 Fairfax Boulevard, Fairfax VA, 22030, and is situated on the southern side of the signalized intersection of Boulevard Marketplace and Fairfax Boulevard (Route 50), between Fair Woods Parkway, and Eaton Place, as shown in Figure 1.

The site is currently zoned Commercial Retail (CR) and Residential Medium (RM). The Applicant, Baileys Star LLC proposes to rezone the Residential Medium (RM) portion of the site to be uniform with the existing Commercial Retail and apply for Special Exception applications to allow for a mixed-use redevelopment. The applicant plans to raze the existing office building and redevelop it with a mixed-use building consisting of up to 336 multi-family units and 18,520 GSF of ground-floor retail.

The current proposed site layout is provided in Figure 2. The following summarizes the development program depicted on the preliminary site layout:

- 50 Studio Units
- 148 One-Bedroom Units
- 34 One-Bedroom + Den Units
- 102 Two-Bedroom Units
- 18,520 GSF of Ground Floor Retail Space





Figure 1 Site Location



MA

R:\PROJECTS\9181 GATEWOOD PLAZA\GRAPHICS\24.4.30 GATEWOOD PLAZA GRAPHICS.DWG







MEMORANDUM

Based on information from the Applicant and as supported in this parking analysis, parking for the Gatewood Plaza site will be provided in a combination of below-grade structured and surface parking facilities. As described in this document, the **Applicant is seeking an overall 36 percent parking reduction from the County's Zoning Ordinance (the "Ordinance") requirements for the residential and non-residential components of the site, equivalent to a reduction of 231 spaces from a strict application of the Ordinance.** As a result, a Special Exception is hereby requested to allow the reduction from the Ordinance for the proposed parking supply. The following sections detail the justification for this parking reduction.

CITY OF FAIRFAX PARKING REQUIREMENTS

Chapter 110 Article 4, Section 3. E of the City Code (the Zoning Ordinance) provides the off-street parking requirements for developments. Table 1 summarizes the required parking for the proposed Gatewood Plaza development program.

As shown in Table 1, based on a strict application of the Ordinance, a total of 552 parking spaces would be required to serve the residential components and 93 parking spaces would be required to serve the non-residential components of the subject development. This results in a total of 645 parking spaces required to serve the entire proposed Gatewood Plaza development application.

INSTITUTE OF TRANSPORTATION ENGINEERS PARKING DEMAND

The Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE) <u>Parking Generation Manual</u>, 6th Edition (2023) was consulted to inform practical parking demand for the proposed site development program. Table 2 summarizes the parking demand analysis based on the application of published peak parking demand ratios within the ITE Manual. For this analysis and in the interest of conservatism, 85th-percentile peak parking demand ratios were utilized to capture the highest reasonable demand for each site component. Excerpts from the ITE Manual are provided in Attachment 2.

Table 1

-

Gatewood Plaza

Parking - Ordinance Requirement Summary⁽¹⁾

Use	Use (Ordinance)	Size	Unit	Ordin	ance Requirement (1)	Parking Required
Residential - Multi-Family (1 Bedroom) Residential - Multi-Family (1 Bedroom) Residential - Multi-Family (1 Bedroom) Residential - Multi-Family (2 Bedroom)	Multi-Family Housing Multi-Family Housing Multi-Family Housing Multi-Family Housing	50 148 34 <u>102</u>	D.U. D.U. D.U. D.U.	1.5 1.5 1.5 2.0	Bedrooms (1) Bedrooms (1) Bedrooms (1) Bedrooms (2)	75 222 51 <u>204</u>
Residential Subtotal		334				552
Commercial	Retail-General	18,520	GSF	1	per 200 SF	93
TOTAL - Ordinance Required						645
Overall Parking Provided Reduction (Spaces) Reduction (%)						414 (231) -36%

Notes:

(1) Based on City of Fairfax Zoning Ordinance.



Table 2

Gatewood Plaza

ITE Parking Generation Analysis (1)

Use	ITE Code	Size	Unit	85th Per	centile Peak Parking Ratio	Parking Required
Multi-Family Housing (1 Bedroom) Multi-Family Housing (2 Bedroom) <i>Residential Subtotal</i>	218 221	232 102	D.U. D.U.	0.8 ⁽²⁾ 1.45 <i>1.23</i>	per bedroom per bedroom	186 <u>148</u> <i>334</i>
Strip Retail Plaza <40K Non-Residential Subtotal	822	18,520	GSF	4.44	per 1,000 SF	<u>83</u> 83
TOTAL - ITE Analysis						417
Overall Parking Provided Reduction from ITE (Spaces) Reduction from ITE (%)						414 (3) -1%

Notes:

(1) Based on Insititute of Transportation Engineers (ITE) Parking Generation Manual, 6th Edition.

(2) Cacluclated using proportional distribution between average rate and 85th percentile of Code 221 due to small case size and a lack of 85th Percentile volume



MEMORANDUM

As summarized in Table 2, the ITE Manual publishes parking data specific to the number of bedrooms for Mid-Rise Multi-Family housing uses. According to ITE, the peak multi-family housing demand for 1 bedroom is equivalent to 0.8 parking spaces per 1 bedroom. The Peak multi-family housing demand for 2-bedroom units is equivalent to 1.45 parking spaces per unit.

The ITE manual for ITE Code 218 for 1 BR (Mid-Rise) Not Close to Rail Transit only features two studies and the publication does not provide an 85th-percentile value. To address this, the "2+ BR (Mid-Rise) Not close to Rail Transit" ITE Code (221) was established as a base and a factor between the 85th percentile and average rates was calculated. That value (1.18) was then applied to the average rate for the "1 BR" category in order to approximate the 85th percentile statistic. The calculation results in 186 Required spaces for 1-bedroom units.

The ITE Manual defines "Strip Retail Plaza (<40K)" as "an integrated group of commercial establishments that is planned, developed, owned, and managed as a unit". Based on this definition, and consistent with past practice, the non-residential components were evaluated as a "Strip Retail Plaza (<40K)" for purposes of this analysis. The ITE Manual publishes an 85th-percentile peak parking ratio of 4.44 parking spaces per 1,000 GSF of commercial uses.

As summarized in Table 2, based on published ITE rates, the proposed Gatewood Plaza development program would generate a peak demand of 417 parking spaces.

SHARED PARKING

As stated previously, the entire Gatewood Plaza site is designed to be an integrated mixed-use development. The ITE parking analysis summarized in Table 2 does not take direct account of the inherent synergy that a mix of residential and non-residential uses will have on overall site parking demand.

Shared parking, according to the Urban Land Institute (ULI) is defined as one parking space used "to serve two or more individual land uses without conflict or encroachment". The sharing of parking spaces is a phenomenon that has been occurring for decades in urban and suburban communities. Parking demand for different land uses has unique temporal distributions, allowing the same parking space to be occupied by the peak demand of different land uses throughout the day.

The Urban Land Institute (ULI) publication <u>Shared Parking</u>, 3rd Edition has established a model and methodology for determining parking demand for various types of development. As identified in the publication, parking requirements are calculated through the shared use analysis that includes the following steps:

MEMORANDUM

- 1. Determine individual weekday peak parking ratios for each land use.
- 2. Determine the number of reserved parking spaces for each use.
- 3. Select time-of-day and monthly parking variation factors.
- 4. Calculate the hourly parking demand for weekdays for each month.

This methodology is especially useful in cases such as the Gatewood Plaza site, where a single parking space may be used for residents, visitors, commercial patrons, etc. Because each land use within a development may experience a peak parking demand at different times of the day or different months of the year relative to the other land uses on-site, the actual peak parking demand of the subject development may be less than if the peak parking demand of each land use was considered separately. Residents and their visitors, in general, experience peak parking demands in the late afternoon to early morning hours during the week whereas commercial uses experience peak demand during the workday and/or early evening hours.

ULI provides base weekday and weekend hourly parking accumulations for individual land uses for the purpose of establishing a base peak parking demand. However, for purposes of this study, the baseline parking demand associated with each use was based on those calculated parking demands using the ITE-published peak parking ratios (see Table 2).

The ULI model applies various hourly, monthly, and weekday/weekend adjustment factors to the parking demands of each land use. For informational purposes, these adjustment factor tables are provided in Attachment 3. The results of the shared parking analysis are summarized in Table 3.

As shown in Table 3, with the application of the Shared Parking model, the site overall would experience a peak weekday demand of 413 parking spaces and a peak weekend demand of 413 spaces.

PROPOSED PARKING SUPPLY

In order to accommodate the forecasted parking demand as calculated in this document and justified in the calculations based on published ITE and ULI methodologies summarized in Table 2 and Table 3, respectively, a **total parking supply consisting of a minimum of 414 parking spaces** is proposed to serve the Gatewood Plaza site. The parking supply will be accommodated through a combination of below-grade structured (garage) spaces and surface lot parking. In order to maximize the utility of the proposed parking supply, all parking will be unreserved for the use of site residents, visitors, employees, and patrons. Designated accessible (i.e., "handicapped") parking will be provided in accordance with state building code requirements.

Table 3

Gatewood Plaza																		
						Share	ed Parking	Demand S	ummary									
					Peak M	onth: DEC	EMBER	Peak Peri	od: 10 PM,	WEEKEND)							
					Weekday					Weekend				Weekday			Weekend	
Land Lisa	Proje	ct Data	Pasa	Driving	Non-	Droject	Linit For	Pasa	Driving	Non-	Droject	Linit For	Peak Hr	Peak Mo	Estimated	Peak Hr	Peak Mo	Estimated
Land Ose			Dase	Driving	Captive	Project		Dase		Captive	Project		Adj	Adj	Parking	Adj	Adj	Parking
	Quantity	Unit	Katio	Αάj	Ratio	Ratio	Katio	Ratio	Aaj	Ratio	Ratio	Ratio	10 PM	December	Demand	10 PM	December	Demand
							R	etail										
Non-Residential (< 400 ksf)	18,520	sf GLA	2.90	100%	98%	2.85	ksf GLA	3.20	100%	98%	3.13	ksf GLA	30%	100%	16	35%	100%	20
Employee			0.70	100%	94%	0.66		0.80	100%	92%	0.74		40%	100%	5	45%	100%	6
							Food an	d Beverag	9									
						Ent	tertainmen	t and Insti	tutions									
							Hotel and	l Residenti	al									
Residential, Suburban																0%		
Studio Efficiency	50	units	0.85	100%	100%	0.85	unit	0.85	100%	100%	0.85	unit	95%	100%	41	89%	100%	38
1 Bedroom	148	units	0.90	100%	100%	0.90	unit	0.90	100%	100%	0.90	unit	95%	100%	127	89%	100%	119
1 Bedroom + Den	34	units	0.90	100%	100%	0.90	unit	0.90	100%	100%	0.90	unit	95%	100%	29	89%	100%	28
2+ Bedrooms	102	units	1.65	100%	100%	1.65	unit	1.65	100%	100%	1.65	unit	95%	100%	161	89%	100%	150
Reserved		res spaces	0.00	100%	100%	0.00	unit	0.00	100%	100%	0.00	unit	100%	100%	-	100%	100%	-
Visitor	334	units	0.10	100%	100%	0.10	unit	0.15	100%	100%	0.15	unit	100%	100%	34	100%	100%	51
							0	ffice										
							Additiona	al Land Use	es									
													Custom	er/Visitor	50	Cus	tomer	71
													Employe	e/Resident	363	Employe	e/Resident	341
													Res	erved	-	Res	erved	-
													Т	otal	413	Т	otal	413

MEMORANDUM

CONCLUSIONS

Based on the parking analyses provided in the preceding, the following may be concluded:

- 1. The Gatewood Plaza development is planned as an integrated mixed-use project consisting of residential and non-residential components served by a parking garage and surface lot spots.
- 2. Based on a strict application of the City of Fairfax Zoning Ordinance, the proposed Gatewood Plaza mixed-use development program would require 620 parking spaces.
- 3. The Applicant proposes to provide a minimum of 414 parking spaces to accommodate the proposed mix of uses, <u>representing a reduction of 231 spaces (or 36%) of the required site parking</u>.
- 4. Based on published ITE peak parking demand ratios, the proposed mixed-use development would generate a peak parking demand of 417 parking spaces.
- 5. When considering the synergy of the proposed residential and non-residential uses, the Urban Land Institute's (ULI's) Shared Parking model results in <u>a total peak parking demand</u> <u>of 413 spaces for the overall site</u>. This overall parking demand calculation supports the site's proposed parking supply.
- 6. In order to maximize the utility of the proposed parking supply, all parking will be unreserved for the use of site residents, visitors, employees, and patrons.
- 7. Designated accessible (i.e., "handicapped") parking will be provided in accordance with state building code requirements.
- 8. The proposed development will accommodate secured bicycle parking consisting of ______ bicycle parking spaces for residents. Additionally, short-term racks will be provided external to the building to provide bicycle parking for up to _____ visitors.
- 9. The Applicant will implement Transportation Demand Management (TDM) strategies to leverage existing transit services and encourage the use of non-auto modes of travel, thereby reducing auto ownership.

Questions related to this parking analysis should be directed to Will Johnson at 703.676.3653 or <u>wfjohnson@wellsandassociates.com</u>.

Attachments: a/s

E. Parking ratio requirements

Off-street parking spaces shall be provided for all uses listed below in at least the minimum amounts specified.

USE TYPES/ USE GROUPS*	GENERAL REQUIREMENTS
RESIDENTIAL	
Single-family detached	2 spaces per unit
Single-family attached	2 spaces per unit
Duplexes	2 spaces per unit
Multifamily	1.5 spaces per one or less bedroom unit; 2 spaces per 2 or more bedroom unit
Townhouses	2 spaces per unit
Upper story residential/mixed use buildings	1.25 spaces per efficiency unit; 1.5 spaces per 1 bedroom unit; 2 spaces per 2 or more bedroom units; other uses as required herein
PUBLIC, CIVIC AND INSTITUTIONAL USE	s (SEE §3.4.1.E)
Adult day care	5 spaces per 1,000 sq. ft. of floor area
Assisted living facility	1 space per 4 beds
Auditorium or arena	1 space per 4 seats
Day care centers	5 spaces per 1,000 sq. ft. of floor area
Day care home, family (less than 5)	No spaces in addition to spaces otherwise required
Day care home, family (5 to 12)	In addition to spaces otherwise required, 1 space for such home providing care for 5 to 7 children, and 2 spaces for such home providing care for 8 to 12 children
Detention facilities	Determined by zoning administrator per §4.2.10
Colleges and universities	10 spaces per classroom
Community services*	1 space per 300 sq. ft. of floor area
Congregate living facility	1.5 spaces per unit
Group homes/statutory	2 space per dwelling
Hospitals	1 space per 2 beds, but not less than 1 space per 200 sq. ft. of floor area
Medical care facilities*	1 space per 2 beds, but not less than 1 space per 200 sq. ft. of floor area
Nursery schools	5 spaces per 1,000 sq. ft. of floor area
Nursing homes	1 space per 5 beds
Parks and open areas*	Determined by zoning administrator per §4.2.10
Religious institutions	1 space per 4 seats in main assembly area
Schools, elementary and middle	2 spaces per classroom
Schools, high	5 spaces per classroom
Social service delivery	Determined by zoning administrator per §4.2.10
Utilities, minor*	None
Utilities, major*	1 space per 1,000 sq. ft. of floor area
Telecommunications towers/facilities	Determined by zoning administrator per §4.2.10
COMMERCIAL USES (SEE §3.4.1.F)	
Adult uses	1 space per 100 sq. ft. of floor area
Amusement centers	1 space per 250 sq. ft. of floor area
Animal care facilities	1 space per 250 sq. ft. of floor area
Art gallery or studio	1 space per 400 sq. ft. of floor area
Auction houses	5 spaces per 100 sq. ft. of floor area
Bed and Breakfasts	1 space per quest room, plus otherwise required parking

USE TYPES/ USE GROUPS*	GENERAL REQUIREMENTS
Brew pubs	1 space per 300 sq. ft. of floor area
Building supplies and lumber sales	1 space per 300 sq. ft. of floor area
Catering or delivery services	1 space per 200 sq. ft. of floor area
Cemeteries	Determined by zoning administrator per §4.2.10
Convenience stores	1 space per 200 sq. ft. of floor area
Fuel stations	1 space per 200 sq. ft. of floor area
Funeral homes	1 space per 50 square feet of floor space in funeral service rooms
Furniture, appliance or carpet/flooring stores	1 space per 400 sq. ft. of floor area
Grocery stores	1 space per 200 sq. ft. of floor area
Hotels; hotels, extended-stay; motels	1 space per guest room, plus 1 space per 200 sq. ft. of conference, banquet, restaurants or food services floor area
Manufacturing, limited*	1 space per 1,000 sq. ft. of floor area
Office, general*	1 space per 300 sq. ft. of floor area
Office, medical*	1 space per 200 sq. ft. of floor area
Parking, commercial or municipal	Determined by zoning administrator per §4.2.10
Plant nurseries and greenhouses	1 space per 200 sq. ft. of floor area
Private clubs	1 space per 200 sq. ft. of floor area
Recreation, indoor*	1 space per 250 sq. ft. of floor area
Recreation, outdoor*	Determined by zoning administrator per §4.2.10
Restaurants or food service	1 space per 200 sq. ft. of floor area; 1 space per 100 sq. ft. of floor area with dancing and entertainment; none for outdoor dining and service areas
Retail, general*	1 space per 200 sq. ft. of floor area
Retail, large format	1 space per 200 sq. ft. of floor area
Schools, technical, trade, business	6 per classroom, plus 1 per 300 sq. ft. of office floor area
Service, general*	1 space per 200 sq. ft. of floor area
Services, personal*	1 space per 200 sq. ft. of floor area
Shopping centers	1 space per 200 sq. ft. of floor area
Theater	1 space per 4 seats
Tobacco and smoke shops	1 space per 200 sq. ft. of floor area
/ehicle repair*	2 spaces per bay
Vehicle sales and leasing*	1 per 500 sq. ft. of floor area
Vehicle service*	2 spaces per bay
NDUSTRIAL USES (SEE §3.4.1.G)	
Crematorium	Determined by zoning administrator per \$4.2.10
Fuel sales, residential	1 space per 1,000 sq. ft. of floor area
Manufacturing, general*	1 space per 1,000 sq. ft. of floor area
Manufacturing, heavy*	1 space per 1.000 sq. ft. of floor area
Manufacturing, limited*	1 space per 1.000 sq. ft. of floor area
Petroleum storage and distribution	Determined by zoning administrator per §4.2.10
Research and development*	1 space per 1,000 sq. ft. of floor area
Self-service storage facility	5 spaces plus 1 space per 100 storage units
Vehicle storage and towing	One space per 300 so, ft, of floor area
Warehouse/freight movement*	1 space per 1000 so, ft. of floor area
Waste service*	1 per 300 sq. ft. of floor area + 1 per 1 000 sq. ft. of outside storage area
	the end of the print of the state of the property of outpide groups and

§4.2.4. Location of parking

Except as specified herein, required parking spaces must be located off-street, on the same lot as the building or use they are required to serve, and not be within any minimum required front or side yard area as specified in §1.5.12, unless otherwise specified below.

Land Use: 218 Multifamily Housing-1 BR (Mid-Rise)

Description

Mid-rise multifamily housing with one bedroom is a residential building with between four and 10 floors (levels) of residence that consist entirely of 1-bedroom dwelling units. A studio or microapartment or condominium is treated as a 1-bedroom dwelling unit for this land use.

For this land use, a studio apartment is defined as a self-contained dwelling unit in which the living room, bedroom, and kitchen are combined into a single room. A micro-apartment is defined as a single-occupant studio apartment with a compact design that typically ranges between approximately 200 and 400 gross square feet. Access to individual dwelling units is through an outside building entrance, a lobby, elevator, and a set of hallways.

Land Use Subcategory

Data are separated into two subcategories for this land use: (1) not close to rail transit and (2) close to rail transit. A site is considered close to rail transit if the walking distance between the residential site entrance and the closest rail transit station entrance is $\frac{1}{2}$ mile or less.

Time-of-Day Distribution for Parking Demand

The current database for this land use does not have sufficient data to produce a detailed, hour-byhour distribution of parking demand from which the analyst can determine a peak period of parking demand. Based on the time periods for which data were collected for this land use and on a review of comparable land uses with hour-by-hour parking demand data, the presumed peak period for parking demand for this land use is between late-evening and early-morning.

Additional Data

The average parking supply ratios for the study sites with parking supply information are shown in the table below.

Setting	Proximity to Rail Transit	Parking Supply Per Dwelling Unit
Center City Core	Within 1/2 mile of rail transit	0.19 (4 sites)
Dense Multi-Use Urban	Within 1/2 mile of rail transit	0.31 (3 sites)
	Not within 1/2 mile of rail transit	0.53 (7 sites)
General Urban/Suburban	Within 1/2 mile of rail transit	0.88 (2 sites)
	Not within 1/2 mile of rail transit	0.71 (1 site)



The average peak parking occupancy at the 14 sites in a dense multi-use urban or center city core setting is 67 percent. The average peak parking occupancy at the three sites in a general urban/ suburban setting is 77 percent.

The sites were surveyed in the 2010s and the 2020s in Colorado, District of Columbia, Massachusetts, and Wisconsin.

Source Numbers

537, 546, 583, 584, 585, 608



Multifamily Housing - 1 BR (Mid-Rise) Not Close to Rail Transit (218)

Peak Period Parking Demand vs: Dwelling Units

On a: Weekday (Monday - Friday)

Setting/Location: General Urban/Suburban

Number of Studies: 2

Avg. Num. of Dwelling Units: 44

Peak Period Parking Demand per Dwelling Unit

Average Rate	Range of Rates	33rd / 85th Percentile	95% Confidence Interval	Standard Deviation (Coeff. of Variation)
0.68	0.60 - 0.91	*** / ***	***	*** (***)

Data Plot and Equation

Caution – Small Sample Size





Land Use: 221 Multifamily Housing-2+ BR (Mid-Rise)

Description

Mid-rise multifamily housing with two or more bedrooms is a residential building with between four and 10 floors (levels) of residence that contain at least one dwelling unit with two or more bedrooms. Access to individual dwelling units is through an outside building entrance, a lobby, elevator, and a set of hallways.

Land Use Subcategory

Data are separated into two subcategories for this land use: (1) not close to rail transit and (2) close to rail transit. A site is considered close to rail transit if the walking distance between the residential site entrance and the closest rail transit station entrance is $\frac{1}{2}$ mile or less.

Time-of-Day Distribution for Parking Demand

The following table presents a composite (weekday and Saturday) Time-of-Day distribution of parking demand for three general urban/suburban study sites.

	Percent of Peak Parking Demand
Hour Beginning	Weekday/Saturday Composite
12:00-4:00 a.m.	100
5:00 a.m.	96
6:00 a.m.	86
7:00 a.m.	77
8:00 a.m.	66
9:00 a.m.	60
10:00 a.m.	57
11:00 a.m.	55
12:00 p.m.	52
1:00 p.m.	50
2:00 p.m.	52
3:00 p.m.	51
4:00 p.m.	57
5:00 p.m.	62
6:00 p.m.	65
7:00 p.m.	68
8:00 p.m.	75
9:00 p.m.	82
10:00 p.m.	87
11:00 p.m.	91

Additional Data

The average parking supply ratios and average peak parking occupancy for the study sites with parking supply information are shown in the table below.

Setting	Proximity to Rail Transit	Parking Supply Per Dwelling Unit	Average Peak Parking Occupancy
Center City Core	Within 1/2 mile of rail transit	0.73 (8 sites)	69%
Dense Multi-Use	Within 1/2 mile of rail transit	0.88 (31 sites)	81%
Urban	Not within 1/2 mile of rail transit	1.1 (35 sites)	76%
General Urban/	Within 1/2 mile of rail transit	1.5 (6 sites)	74%
Suburban	Not within 1/2 mile of rail transit	1.7 (38 sites)	72%

The sites were surveyed in the 1990s, the 2000s, the 2010s, and the 2020s in California, Connecticut, District of Columbia, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, North Carolina, Ontario (CAN), Oregon, Tennessee, Virginia, Washington, and Wisconsin.

Source Numbers

209, 255, 277, 402, 419, 505, 512, 533, 535, 536, 537, 545, 546, 547, 575, 576, 577, 579, 581, 583, 584, 585, 587. 602, 603, 604, 620, 631

Multifamily Housing - 2+ BR (Mid-Rise) Not Close to Rail Transit (221)

Peak Period Parking Demand vs: Dwelling Units

On a: Weekday (Monday - Friday)

Setting/Location: General Urban/Suburban

Number of Studies: 44

Avg. Num. of Dwelling Units: 231

Peak Period Parking Demand per Dwelling Unit

Average Rate	Range of Rates	33rd / 85th Percentile	95% Confidence Interval	Standard Deviation (Coeff. of Variation)
1.23	0.39 - 1.75	0.98 / 1.45	1.15 - 1.31	0.27 (22%)

Data Plot and Equation



Land Use: 822 Strip Retail Plaza (<40k)

Description

A strip retail plaza is an integrated group of commercial establishments that is planned, developed, owned, and managed as a unit. Each study site in this land use has less than 40,000 square feet of gross leasable area (GLA). Because a strip retail plaza is open-air, the GLA is the same as the gross floor area (GFA) of the building.

The 40,000 square feet GLA threshold between shopping plaza and strip retail plaza (Land Use 822) is based on an examination of the parking demand database. All shopping plazas with a supermarket as their anchor in the database are larger than 40,000 square feet GLA.

Time-of-Day Distribution for Parking Demand

The following table presents a time-of-day distribution of parking demand on a Monday–Thursday (five study sites), a Friday (two study sites), and a Saturday (four study sites).

	Percent of Peak Parking Demand					
Hour Beginning	Monday–Thursday	Friday	Saturday			
12:00-4:00 a.m.	—	—	_			
5:00 a.m.	—	_	_			
6:00 a.m.	_	_	_			
7:00 a.m.	_	_	_			
8:00 a.m.	19	19	_			
9:00 a.m.	33	40	38			
10:00 a.m.	47	44	55			
11:00 a.m.	55	52	66			
12:00 p.m.	89	96	85			
1:00 p.m.	100	96	100			
2:00 p.m.	73	84	96			
3:00 p.m.	73	52	79			
4:00 p.m.	66	50	66			
5:00 p.m.	70	63	64			
6:00 p.m.	75	49	67			
7:00 p.m.	70	100	70			
8:00 p.m.	54	94	70			
9:00 p.m.	48	73	51			
10:00 p.m.	-	-	_			
11:00 p.m.	-	-	_			

Additional Data

The average parking supply ratios for the study sites with parking supply information are the following:

- 5.7 spaces per 1,000 square feet GLA (24 sites) in a general urban/suburban setting
- 3.3 spaces per 1,000 square feet GLA (3 sites) in a dense multi-use urban setting

The average peak parking occupancy is 50 percent at the general urban/suburban sites and 76 percent at the dense multi-use urban sites.

The sites were surveyed in the 1990s, the 2010s, and the 2020s in Alberta (CAN), British Columbia (CAN), California, Colorado, Kansas, Maine, Manitoba (CAN), Maryland, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, New York, Texas, Virginia, and Washington.

Future data submissions should attempt to provide information on the composition of each study site (types and number of stores, restaurants, or other tenants within the shopping center).

Source Numbers

89, 209, 219, 297, 511, 601, 605, 606, 618, 619, 621, 635



Strip Retail Plaza (< 40k) (822)

Peak Period Parking Demand vs: 1000 Sq. Ft. GLA

On a: Weekday (Monday - Thursday)

Setting/Location: General Urban/Suburban

Number of Studies: 14

Avg. 1000 Sq. Ft. GLA: 18

Peak Period Parking Demand per 1000 Sq. Ft. GLA

Average Rate	Range of Rates	33rd / 85th Percentile	95% Confidence Interval	Standard Deviation (Coeff. of Variation)
2.79	1.44 - 6.67	2.07 / 4.44	***	1.14(41%)

Data Plot and Equation



FIGURE 2-3 Monthly Adjustment Factors

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Late Dec ¹	Notes
Land use					h		Retail		-	17 A	-	h		
	59%	61%	70%	67%	72%	72%	70%	73%	66%	69%	76%	100%	85%	5
Retail	69%	71%	79%	77%	82%	82%	80%	83%	76%	78%	86%	100%	95%	
Employee	93%	86%	94%	92%	97%	94%	96%	95%	92%	95%	95%	100%	95%	6
Supermarket/grocery	100%	96%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
Employee	00%	85%	92%	89%	91%	89%	89%	90%	88%	92%	89%	100%	95%	6
Pharmacy	000%	95%	100%	99%	100%	98%	98%	99%	98%	100%	98%	100%	100%	
Employee	7770	72%	79%	76%	81%	79%	79%	81%	74%	79%	85%	100%	90%	6
Discount stores/	/ 2 70	7270	///0	/ 0 /0	0170	////	////3	0170	/ 4 /0	1110	0070	10070	, 0, 0	
Copolovee	82%	82%	88%	86%	91%	89%	89%	91%	84%	89%	95%	100%	100%	
Home improvement	63%	62%	79%	90%	100%:	92%	87%	84%	80%	85%	80%	75%	65%	6
stores/garden														
Employee	72%	71%	89%	100%	100%	100%	97%	94%	90%	94%	90%	85%	75%	
		_				Food	and bev	егаде						
Fine/casual dining	88%	87%	98%	94%	99%	94%	96%	96%	89%	93%	89%	100%	95%	6
Employee	99%	98%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	99%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
Family restaurant	88%	87%	98%	94%	99%	94%	96%	96%	89%	93%	89%	100%	95%	6
Employee	99%	98%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	99%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
Fast casual/fast food/ food court/food halls	85%	85%	97%	95%	99%	98%	100%	100%	93%	96%	92%	96%	95%	6
Employee	96%	96%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
Bar/lounge/nightclub	87%	87%	100%	93%	97%	94%	97%	96%	94%	98%	92%	96%	95%	7
Employee	95%	96%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
					En	tertainm	ient and	instituti	ons					
Family entertainment [weekdays] ²	20%	26%	36%	50%	23%	45%	87%	- 68%	22%	25%	20%	48%	100%	8
Employee	50%	50%	50%	60%	50%	55%	97%	78%	50%	50%	50%	58%	100%	
Family entertainment (weekends)	79%	90%	91%	100%	60%	70%	72%	76%	70%	72%	74%	60%	80%	8
Employee	89%	100%	100%	100%	70%	80%	82%	86%	80%	82%	84%	70%	90%	
Active entertainment	79%	90%	91%	100%	60%	70%	72%	76%	70%	72%	74%	60%	100%	8
Employee	89%	100%	100%	100%	70%	80%	82%	86%	80%	82%	84%	70%	100%	
Amusement park/ water park	79%	90%	91%	100%	60%	70%	72%	76%	70%	72%	74%	60%	100%	8
Employee	89%	100%	100%	100%	70%	80%	82%	86%	80%	82%	84%	70%	100%	
Adult active entertainment	85%	86%	95%	92%	96%	95%	98%	99%	91%	96%	93%	100%	95%	8
Employee	95%	96%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
All movies [weekdays] ²	50%	50%	45%	33%	55%	50%	75%	55%	25%	25%	55%	55%	100%	5
Employee	60%	60%	55%	50%	65%	60%	85%	65%	50%	50%	65%	65%	100%	
All movies (weekends)	25%	40%	60%	35%	70%	75%	75%	45%	35%	40%	80%	90%	100%	
Employee	50%	50%	70%	50%	80%	85%	85%	55%	50%	50%	90%	100%	100%	
Live theater	90%	90%	90%	90%	9,00%	0.07/0	0.0.70 0.00/	90.02	00%	0,00%	0.0%	100%	100%	5
Employee	75%	70%	90%	10.0%	950/	0,0%	8504	2010/	75%	8504	9 N 0 70	85%	100 %	
Outdoor amphitheater	0%	0%	0%	100 /0	1000/	1000/	10.00/	100%	100%	500%	1004	100/	00%	5
Employee	10%	10%	10%	50%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100 /0	40%	50%	50%	10%	J
		.070	1070	JU /0	10070	10070	10070	10070	10070	0070	JU 70	JU 70	1070	

(continued on next page)

FIGURE 2-3 (continued)

	1an	Fab	Mar	Ann	Мам	lup	tot	Aug	Sen	Oct	Nov	Dec	Late Dec!	Notes
Lanu use	Jan	Ben.	Mar	Apr	Interteir	mont	ad institu	itions in	ontinued			ciac	Dee	Hotes
Public park/	2504	2504	50%	75%		100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	75%	75%	25%	5
destination open space	20%	20%	JU76	7.0 %	100 /6	100 %	100 %	100 /0	100 /0	10070	7370	/ 0 /0	20,0	Ū
Employee	50%	50%	60%	85%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	85%	85%	50%	
Museum/aquarium (weekdays)²	20%	26%	36%	50%	23%	45%	87%	68%	22%	25%	20%	48%	100%	8
Employee	50%	50%	50%	60%	50%	55%	97%	78%	50%	50%	50%	58%	100%	
Museum/aquarium (weekends)	79%	90%	91%	100%	60%	70%	72%	76%	70%	72%	74%	60%	80%	
Employee	89%	100%	100%	100%	70%	80%	82%	86%	80%	82%	84%	70%	90%	
Arena	90%	100%	100%	100%	100%	75%	0%	0%	60%	65%	90%	100%	95%	8
Employee	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	10%	10%	75%	75%	100%	100%	100%	
Pro football stadium ³	0%	0%	0%	0%	90%	90%	90%	90%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	8
Employee	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
Pro baseball stadium	0%	0%	0%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	0%	0%	0%	8
Employee	10%	10%	25%	90%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	10%	10%	10%	
Health club	100%	95%	85%	70%	65%	65%	65%	70%	80%	85%	85%	100%	95%	9
Employee	100%	100%	95%	80%	75%	75%	75%	80%	90%	95%	95%	100%	10%	
Public library	75%	75%	80%	85%	90%	90%	90%	90%	95%	95%	90%	65%	50%	8
Employee	85%	85%	85%	90%	95%	95%	90%	95%	100%	100%	95%	65%	50%	
Convention center*	75%	100%	90%	55%	60%	50%	45%	75%	80%	85%	100%	100%	0%	8
Employee	85%	100%	100%	65%	70%	60%	55%	85%	90%	95%	100%	100%	0%	
		_				Hotel	and resi	dential						
Hotel-business	60%	75%	90%	100%	95%	95%	95%	85%	90%	95%	80%	60%	55%	10,11
Hotel-leisure	80%	90%	100%	100%	90%	90%	100%	100%	75%	75%	75%	50%	100%	
Hotel employees	Use sa	ime fact	or as gu	ests for t	ype of ho	otel								
Restaurant/lounge	85%	86%	95%	92%	96%	95%	98%	99%	91%	96%	93%	100% :	95%	
All meeting banquet (<100 sq ft/key)	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
Convention (>100 sq ft/key)	75%	100%	90%	55%	60%	50%	45%	75%	80%	85%	100%	100%	0%	
Restaurant/meeting employees	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
Residential unreserved residents	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	95%	95%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	8
Reserved residents	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
Visitor	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	95%	95%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
Active senior housing	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	8
Residents	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	

(continued on next page)

FIGURE 2-3 (continued)

Land USP	Jan	Feb	Маг	Apr	May	Jun	Jut	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Late Dec ¹	Notes
Lane							Office							
Office	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	95%	95%	100%	100%	100%	100%	80%	12
Reserved	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
Employee	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	95%	95%	100%	100%	100%	100%	80%	
Open plan/ high-density office	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	95%	95%	100%	100%	100%	100%	80%	12
Reserved	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
Employee	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	95%	95%	100%	100%	100%	100%	80%	
Medical/dental office	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	95%	95%	100%	100%	100%	100%	80%	5
Employee	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	95%	95%	100%	100%	100%	100%	80%	
Daycare center	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	95%	95%	100%	100%	100%	100%	80%	5
Employee	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	95%	95%	100%	100%	100%	100%	80%	
Bank (drive-in branch)	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	5
Employee	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	

1. December = December 1-24; Late December = December 25-31.

2. Land uses particularly affected by school year on weekdays.

3. Because there is only one weeknight game and no Saturday games per NFL team September through November, and activity patterns are modified at adjacent uses, this category is not considered a design day for parking planning.

 $\mathbf{4}_{\mathrm{s}}$ Many convention centers are completely dark in Late December.

5. Developed by team members from a combination of sources

6 U.S. Census Bureau Unadjusted Estimates of Retail Sales, 2008–2017.

7. U.S. Census Bureau Unadjusted Estimates of Retail Sales, 2012–2017.

8. Confidential data provided by facility managers.

9. John W. Dorsett, "Parking Requirements for Health Clubs," The Parking Professional, April 2004

10. https://catalog.data.gov/dataset/monthly-hotel-occupancy-b2f97.

11. https://www.statista.com/statistics/206546/us-hotels-occupancy-rate-by-month/

12. Parking Study conducted by Patton Harris Rust & Associates for the Peterson Companies, 2001.

					-			10	10	2	2	1	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
the section of		6 a.m.	7 a.m.	8 a.m.	9 a.m. i	10 a.m.	11 a.m.	12 p.m	1 p.m.	2 p.m.	э р.т.	4 p.m.	- 5 р.т.	p.m.	p.m.	p.m.	p.m.	p.m.	p.m.	a.m.
Datail hubical	Visitors	1%	5%	15%	35%	60%	75%	100%	100%	95%	85%	85%	85%	90%	80%	65%	45%	15%	5%	0%
Retail typicat	Visitors	1%	5%	15%	30%	55%	75%	90%	100%	100%	95%	80%	85%	90%	90%	85%	50%	30%	10%	0%
December	Visitors	1%	5%	10%	20%	40%	65%	90%	100%	100%	100%	95%	85%	70%	55%	40%	25%	15%	5%	0%
	Employees	10%	15%	25%	45%	75%	95%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	90%	60%	40%	20%	0%
All Supormarket/	Visitors	5%	20%	30%	50%	60%	67%	85%	90%	95%	97%	100%	100%	100%	85%	55%	35%	20%	5%	5%
grocery	Employees	20%	30%	40%	80%	90%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	80%	50%	35%	20%	20%	20%	20%
Bharmacy	Visitors	5%	20%	30%	60%	60%	67%	85%	90%	95%	97%	100%	100%	100%	85%	55%	35%	20%	5%	5%
T Harribey	Employees	20%	30%	40%	80%	90%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	80%	50%	35%	20%	20%	20%	20%
Discount stores/	Visitors	15%	35%	45%	65%	75%	85%	100%	100%	100%	100%	95%	85%	75%	60%	45%	30%	10%	5%	1%
superstores	Employees	25%	45%	55%	75%	85%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	95%	85%	70%	55%	40%	20%	20%	20%
Home	Visitors	15%	20%	35%	55%	85%	99%	100%	99%	98%	90%	85%	80%	75%	60%	50%	30%	10%	0%	0%
improvement	Employees	25%	30%	45%	65%	95%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	95%	90%	85%	70%	60%	40%	20%	0%	0%
stores/garden				-		-	For	nd and	beve	rage										
	N/ - it - an	0.0/	nº4	N%	0%	15%	40%	75%	75%	65%	40%	50%	75%	95%	100%	100%	100%	95%	75%	25%
Fine/casual	VISITORS	0%	20%	50%	75%	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%	75%	75%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	85%	35%
	Employees	2504	50%	60%	75%	85%	90%	100%	90%	50%	45%	45%	75%	80%	80%	80%	60%	55%	75%	25%
Family restaurant	Freelowaac	50%	75%	90%	90%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	75%	75%	95%	95%	95%	95%	80%	65%	65%	35%
	Employees	5%	10%	20%	30%	55%	85%	100%	100%	90%	60%	55%	60%	85%	80%	50%	30%	20%	10%	5%
Fast casual/ fast food/food	VISILOFS	20%	20%	30%	40%	75%	100%	100%	100%	95%	70%	60%	70%	90%	90%	60%	40%	30%	20%	20%
court/food halls	Employees	20 /0	2070	50 /0	40 /0	1010						-	00/	050	500/	750/	100%	100%	75%	50%
Bar/lounge/	Visitors	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%		0%	25%	100%	100%	100%	100%	90%	60%
nightclub	Employees	0%	0%	0%	5%	5%	5%	5%	10%	10%	10%	20%	45%	70%	100 /0	100 /0	100%	10070	17070	0010
							1	Enter	ainme	ent	050	0.000	200/	4.00/	1/50/	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Family	Visitors	0%	0%	0%	0%	45%	65%	85%	95%	100%	95%			700%	550/	10%	5%	5%	5%	5%
entertainment	Employees	0%	0%	5%	25%	75%	100%	100%	100%	100%			059/	10.0%	05%	90%	65%	10%	0%	0%
Active	Visitors	0%	0%	0%	0%	25%	65%	85%	90%	95%	100%		100%	100 /6	100%	100%	75%	10%	5%	5%
entertainment	Employees	5%	5%	5%	25%	75%	100%	100%		100%	007		00%	25%	50%	75%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Adult active	Visitors	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%			10%	100			70%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
entertainment	Employees	0%	0%	0%	5%	5%	5%	5%						60%	80%	100%		80%	65%	40%
All movies	Visitors	0%	0%	5 0%	0%	0%	0%	20%	45%	00%	0 007	0 007								
typicat	Visitors	n%	5 0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	35%	6 60%	75%	80%	6 80%	80%	70%	80%	100%	100%	85%	70%	55%
December	Viaitor 5													1		ų.,			-	5000
All	Employees	5 0%	6 0%	6 0%	0%	0%	10%	6 50%	60%	60%	6 75%	6 759	6 100%	100%	00%	100%	100%	00%	1/0%	0%
Live theater	Visitors	0%	6 0%	6 0%	1%	1%	1%	6 19	6 19	5 19	6 19	6 19	6 1%	1%	25%	100%			10%	5%
	Employees	5 0%	6 10%	6 10%	20%	20%	5 20%	6 30%	6 30%	6 30%	6 309	6 30%	6 30%	5 100%	100%	00%			0 10 %	0%
Outdoor	Visitors	0%	6 09	6 0%	5 1%	5 1%	5 19	6 19	6 19	6 19	6 19	6 19	6 1%		25%	100%	1007		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	5%
amphitheater	Employee:	s 0%	6 109	6 10%	5 20%	20%	5 20%	6 30%	6 30%	6 30%	6 309	% 30%	6 30%		0 1009	100%	1007		50%	10%
Public park/	Visitors	19	6 59	6 10%	6 25%	50%	665%	6 85%	6 959	6 1009	6 959	% 90%	6 70%	b 190%	0 100%		1007			20%
destination	Employee	s 5%	6 109	6 25%	50%	6 75%	6 1009	6 1009	6 100%	6 1009	6 100	% 100%	6 80%		6 100%	0 100%	0 1009	0 1007	00 /	201
Musaural	Vieitore		6 00	6 Nº	<u>п%</u>	45%	6 659	6 85%	6 95%	6 1009	% 959	% 909	% 85%	60%	6 30%	6 10%	6 09	6 0%	6 0%	0%
aquarium	Employee	< 50	6 50	6 5%	25%	6 75%	6 009	6 1009	% 1009	6 1009	6 100	% 100	6 80%	6 75%	6 10%	6 5%	6 09	6 09	6 5%	5%
Δ.cena	Visitors		% Π ^α	% N%	6 1%	6 19	6 19	6 19	6 19	6 19	% 1	% 10	% 19	6 10%	6 25%	6 1009	6 1009	6 85%	6 0%	0%
No matinee	Employee	s Dº	// 109	% 10%	6 20%	6 20%	6 209	6 309	% 309	6 309	% 30	% 30	% 309	6 100%	6 1009	6 1009	6 100%	6 30%	6 10%	5%
Nomathee	Lettipito/00	- 0			- 1	_			_	1	-	_			100		1.1	1		

FIGURE 2-4 Weekday Time-of-Day Adjustments

(continued on next page)

FIGURE 2-4 (continued)

Land use		6 a.m.	7 a.m.	8 a.m.	9 a.m.	10 a.m.	11 a.m.	12 p.m.	1 p.m.	2 p.m.	3 p.m.	4 p.m.	5 p.m.	6 p.m.	7 p.m.	8 p.m.	9 p.m.	10 p.m.	11 p.m.	12 a.m.
							Entert	ainme	ent (co	ntinue	ed)	÷							······································	
Pro football stadium	Visitors	0%	0%	0%	1%	1%	1%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	10%	50%	100%	100%	85%	25%	0%
8 p.m. start	Employees	0%	10%	10%	20%	20%	20%	30%	30%	30%	30%	30%	30%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	25%	10%
Pro baseball	Visitors	0%	0%	0%	1%	1%	1%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	10%	50%	100%	100%	85%	25%	0%
stadium	Employees	0%	10%	10%	20%	20%	20%	30%	30%	30%	30%	30%	30%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	25%	10%
Health club	Visitors	70%	40%	40%	70%	70%	80%	60%	70%	70%	70%	80%	90%	100%	90%	80%	70%	35%	10%	0%
	Employees	75%	75%	75%	75%	75%	75%	75%	75%	75%	75%	75%	100%	100%	75%	50%	20%	20%	20%	0%
Public library	Visitors	0%	0%	0%	100%	100%	98%	98%	78%	72%	65%	70%	79%	60%	50%	40%	0%	0%	0%	0%
	Employees	0%	10%	50%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	90%	75%	50%	20%	10%	0%	0%	0%
Daycare center	Visitors	0%	2%	25%	75%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	100%	50%	20%	5%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
	Employees	0%	50%	75%	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%	100%	100%	100%	60%	40%	10%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Convention	Visitors	0%	0%	50%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	50%	30%	30%	10%	0%	0%	0%
center	Employees	5%	30%	33%	33%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	90%	70%	40%	25%	20%	20%	5%	0%	0%
							Hote	el and	resid	ential										
Hotel-business	Visitors	95%	90%	80%	70%	60%	60%	55%	55%	60%	60%	65%	70%	75%	75%	80%	85%	95%	100%	100%
Hotel-leisure	Visitors	95%	95%	90%	80%	70%	70%	65%	65%	70%	70%	75%	80%	85%	85%	90%	95%	95%	100%	100%
Employee	Employees	10%	30%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	70%	70%	40%	20%	20%	20%	20%	10%	5%
Restaurant/ lounge	Visitors	0%	10%	30%	10%	10%	5%	100%	100%	33%	10%	10%	30%	55%	60%	70%	67%	60%	40%	30%
Meeting/banquet (<100 sq ft/key)	Visitors	0%	0%	30%	60%	60%	60%	65%	65%	65%	65%	65%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	50%	0%	0%
Convention (>100 sq ft/key)	Visitors	0%	0%	50%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	50%	30%	30%	10%	0%	0%	0%
Employee	Employees	10%	10%	60%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	60%	40%	40%	20%	0%	0%	0%
Residential guest	Visitors	0%	10%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	40%	60%	100%	100%	100%	100%	80%	50%
Resident reserved	Residents	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Residential suburban	Residents	95%	80%	67%	55%	50%	45%	40%	40%	40%	40%	45%	50%	60%	70%	80%	85%	95%	97%	100%
Residential urban	Residents	95%	85%	75%	65%	60%	55%	50%	50%	50%	55%	60%	65%	70%	75%	80%	85%	95%	97%	100%
Active senior housing	Visitors & employees	95%	97%	100%	100%	99%	98%	98%	99%	98%	100%	99%	94%	96%	98%	97%	97%	97%	98%	98%
	Residents	95%	97%	100%	100%	99%	98%	98%	99%	98%	100%	99%	94%	96%	98%	97%	97%	97%	98%	98%
			_				_	Off	ice								_			
Office	Visitors	0%	1%	20%	60%	100%	45%	15%	45%	95%	45%	15%	10%	5%	2%	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%
	Employees unreserved	3%	15%	50%	90%	100%	100%	85%	85%	95%	95%	85%	60%	25%	15%	5%	3%	1%	0%	0%
	Employees reserved	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Medical/	Visitors	0%	0%	90%	90%	100%	100%	30%	90%	100%	100%	90%	80%	67%	30%	15%	0%	0%	0%	0%
dental office	Employees	0%	20%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	67%	30%	15%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Bank (drive-in	Visitors	0%	0%	50%	90%	100%	50%	50%	50%	70%	50%	80%	100%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
branch)	Employees	0%	0%	60%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%

Source: See chapter 4 discussions for each land use

FIGURE 2-5 Weekend Time-of-Day Adjustments

		6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1 p.m.	2 p.m.	3 p.m.	4 p.m	5 p.n	. 0.	6 m. p	7 .m.	8 p.m.	9 p.m.	10 p.m.	11 p.m.	12 a.m.
Land use		a.m.	a m.	a.m.	5.m.		0.000	0.50/	100%	100%	95%	90%	809	% 7	5%	70%	65%	50%	30%	10%	0%
Retail typical	Visitors	1%	5%	30%	50%	/0%	90%	90%	100%	10096	100%			% 6	5%	50%	55%	50%	35%	15%	1%
December	Visitors	1%	5%	10%	35%	60%	85%	100%	050	1007	100%	050	9 95	% 7	n%	40%	50%	30%	20%	10%	0%
Late December	Visitors	1%	5%	10%	20%	40%	60%	80%	90%	100%	100%	100%	95	/0 / % 8	5%	80%	75%	65%	45%	15%	0%
All	Employees	10%	15%	40%	75%	85%	95%	100%	100%	100%	100%	1007		0/0 5	n%	33%	25%	15%	5%	4%	3%
Supermarket/	Visitors	10%	25%	50%	75%	95%	100%	100%	100%	0.00%	750	/ 00	1 55		5%	40%	30%	20%	10%	10%	5%
grocery	Employees	15%	35%	70%	85%	100%	100%	100%	100%	85%	1000	1000	0 00	0/ F	n%	33%	25%	15%	5%	4%	3%
Pharmacy	Visitors	8%	25%	50%	75%	95%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	1009	0 90	70 C		20.00	2070	20%	10%	10%	5%
	Employees	15%	35%	70%	85%	100%	100%	100%	100%	85%	75%	b 60%	6 55	% L	070	40 /0	45%	30%	10%	5%	1%
Discount stores/	Visitors	10%	15%	20%	30%	45%	65%	85%	95%	100%	100%		6 90	% 8	00%	700/	550/	40%	20%	15%	0%
superstores	Employees	20%	25%	30%	40%	55%	75%	95%	100%	100%	5 100%	6 1004	% IUL	%	0%	70%	00%	200/	100/	n%	90%
Home	Visitors	15%	20%	35%	55%	60%	80%	95%	100%	95%	95%	6 804	% 75	%	/5%	80%	90%	7070	200/		n%
improvement	Employees	25%	30%	45%	65%	70%	90%	100%	100%	100%	1009	6 909	6 85	% {	35%	90%	100%	80%	20%		070
stores/garden							Fo	od and	beve	erage											
The formula	Maitors	D%	L0%	L 0%	0%	0%	15%	50%	55%	45%	6 45%	6 45	% 60	1%	70%	95%	100%	90%	90%	90%	50%
Fine/casuat dining	Employees	0%	20%	30%	60%	75%	75%	75%	75%	75%	6 759	6 75	% 100)% 1	00%	100%	100%	100%	100%	85%	50%
	Employees	1.00%	25%	45%	70%	90%	90%	100%	85%	65%	6 40°	% 45	% 60)%	70%	70%	65%	30%	25%	5 15%	10%
Family	VISILOIS	50%	75%	90%	90%	100%	100%	100%	100%	1009	6 75°	% 75	% 95	5%	95%	95%	95%	80%	65%	65%	35%
Testadiant	Employees	50 %	100/	20%	30%	55%	85%	100%	100%	6 90°	6 60	% 55	% 60)%	85%	80%	50%	30%	20%	6 10%	5%%
Fast casual/	VISITORS	150/	2004	2070	4.0%	75%	100%	100%	100%	6 959	6 704	% 60	% 71]%[90%	90%	60%	40%	30%	6 20%	o 20%
court/food halls	Employees	15%	20%	30 /0	40 /0	/ 5 /0	100 /			-	-	_	_		0.50/	5000	750/	100%	1000	4 1009	6 100%
Bar/lounge/	Visitors	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	6 04	% O'	% 0	%	J%	25%	50%	1000	100%	1002		6 100%
nightclub	Employees	0%	0%	0%	5%	5%	5%	5%	109	6 109	% 10	% 20	% 4	5%	70%	100%	100%	100%		0 1100 /	0 100 70
-	_							Enter	tainm	ent			-				10004	1.0	100	/ 00	/ nº/
Eamily	Visitors	0%	0%	0%	0%	25%	65%	6 85%	909	6 95	% 95	% 90	% 9	5%	100%	95%	90%	65%			50/
entertainment	Employees	5%	5%	5%	25%	75%	100%	6 100%	6 1009	6 100	% 100	% 100)% 10	0%	100%	100%	100%	/5%			
Active	Visitors	0%	0%	5 O%	5 0%	25%	65%	6 85%	6 909	6 95	% 95	% 90	1% 9	5%	100%	95%	90%	65%			50/
entertainment	Employees	5%	5%	5%	25%	75%	100%	6 1009	6 1009	% 100	% 100	1% 90	1% 10	0%	100%	100%	100%	5 75%	6 10	0 00	10 J70
Adultactive	Visitors	0%	0%	6 0%	6 0%	5 0%	6 0%	6 0%	6 09	% 0	% 0	% ()%	0%	25%	50%	75%	» 100%	6 100	% 100	100%
entertainment	Employee	5 0%	5 0%	6 0%	6 5%	5%	6 59	6 59	6 104	% 10	% 10	% 20)% 4	5%	70%	100%	100%	100%	6 00	% 100	16 100%
All movies	Visitors	0%	0%	6 0%	6 09	6 09	6 09	6 209	6 459	% 55	% 55	% 5	5% 6	0%	60%	80%	100%	6 1009	% 100	% 80'	% 50%
typical	1.444.0427.5			1											800/	0.000	1000	1000	4 100	85	% 70%
Late	Visitors	0%	6 0%	6 09	6 09	6 09	6 09	% 35°	60'	% 75	% 80	1% 8	J% [8	90%	/0%	80%	5 1007	0 100	100	00	10 10 10
December											0/ 75	50/ 7	5% 1	10%	100%	100%	1009	6 hoo4	% 100	% 70	% 50%
All	Employee	s 0%	6 09	6 09	6 09	6 09	6 0	% 50*	70 00		10 / L	70/2	1%	1%	1%	25%	1009	6 100	% 0	% 0	% 0%
Live theater	Visitors	0%	6 09	6 09	6 19	6 19	6 1	% I`	% I/	% 10/	70 07	10 2		20%	100%	1009	6 1009	6 100	% 30	% 10	% 5%
	Employee	s 0%	6 109	% 109	% 209	6 209	% 20	% 30	% 100	% 10		70/	10/	10%	10/	25%	6 1009	6 100	% 0	% 0	% 0%
Outdoor	Visitors	0%	6 09	% 0°	% 10	6 19	% 1'	% 1	% 17	% 6.	% 0	/ %	00/		100%	1000	4 1009	6 100 ⁴	% 30	% 10	% 5%
amphitheater	Employee	s 0%	% 10°	% 104	% 20%	% 20°	% 20	% 30	% 100	1% 10	1% 10	0% 3	0%	50 70	700/	007	4 100		0/0 95	% 50	% 10%
Public park/	Visitors	0%	% O ^c	% 0	% 10	% 30	% 60	% 75	% 90	% 9	% 0	0% 9	8%	30%	1000/	1007	4 100	100		1% 90	% 80%
destination	Employee	s 09	% 0°	% 10	% 25	% 759	% 100	% 100	% 100	1% 10	1% 10	0% 10	10%	00%	100%	100%	0 100	100	70 100	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
open space	100		2/ 01	04 0	% 0	16 15	% 45	% 85	% 95	5% IO	3% 9	5% 9	0%	85%	60%	30%	6 109	% 0	% 0	1% C	% 0%
Museum/	VISITORS				0/ 25	06 75	% ING	% 100	% 100)% IN	0% 0	0% 10	0%	80%	75%	109	% 5°	% 0	% 0	1% 5	1% 5%
	Employee	15 5		/0 0 0/ 0	0/ 20	0 1	0/ 1	0/ 1	% 25	% 9	5% 9	5% 8	1%	1%	1%	6 25°	6 100	% 100	% ()% (1% 0%
Arena	Visitors			70 0	/0		0/ 20		0/ Inr	1%	0% 10	0% 10	0%	30%	100%	6 100	% 100	% 100	% 30)% 10	1% 5%
No matinee	Employee	es U'	70 IU	70 10	10 ZU	10 20	10 100	10 00	,0 00		- 1 ·	100		_	1		_			-	

(continued on next page)

FIGURE 2-5 (continued)

a state and		6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Land use		a.m.	a.m.	a.m.	a.m.	a.m.	a.m.	p.m.	p.m.	p.m.	p.m.	p.m.	p.m.	p.m.	p.m.	p.m.	p.m.	p.m.	p.m.	a.m.
	Let u	0.00	1 000	1.00	1.0/	500	Enter		ent (co	Intinu	ed]	0500	*		1	1	1	I au	1	
Pro football stadium	VISILOFS	0%	0%	1%0	1%	5%	5%	50%	100%	100%	85%	25%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
8 p.m. start	Employees	0%	5%	10%	20%	30%	30%	100%	100%	100%	100%	25%	10%	5%	5%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Pro baseball	Visitors	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	25%	50%	90%	100%	100%	100%	0%	0%
stadium	Employees	0%	0%	0%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	20%	75%	75%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Health club	Visitors	80%	45%	35%	50%	35%	50%	50%	30%	25%	30%	55%	100%	95%	60%	30%	10%	1%	1%	0%
	Employees	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%	75%	100%	100%	75%	50%	20%	20%	20%	0%
Public library	Visitors	0%	0%	0%	0%	100%	90%	80%	65%	50%	35%	11%	5%	5%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
	Employees	0%	0%	10%	50%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	50%	10%	10%	10%	10%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Daycare center	Visitors	0%	2%	25%	75%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	100%	50%	20%	5%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
	Employees	0%	50%	75%	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%	100%	100%	100%	60%	40%	10%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Convention	Visitors	0%	0%	50%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	50%	30%	30%	10%	0%	0%	0%
center	Employees	5%	30%	33%	33%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	90%	70%	40%	25%	20%	20%	5%	0%	0%
						,	Hot	el and	resid	ential										
Hotel-business	Visitors	95%	90%	80%	70%	60%	60%	55%	55%	60%	60%	65%	70%	75%	75%	80%	85%	95%	100%	100%
Hotel–leisure	Visitors	95%	95%	90%	80%	70%	70%	65%	65%	70%	70%	75%	80%	85%	85%	90%	95%	95%	100%	100%
Employee	Employees	10%	30%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	70%	70%	40%	20%	20%	20%	20%	10%	5%
Restaurant/ lounge	Visitors	0%	10%	30%	10%	10%	5%	100%	100%	33%	10%	10%	30%	55%	60%	70%	67%	60%	40%	30%
Meeting/banquel (<100 sq ft/key)	: Visitors	0%	0%	30%	60%	60%	60%	65%	65%	65%	65%	65%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	50%	0%	0%
Convention (>100 sq ft/key)	Visitors	0%	0%	50%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	50%	30%	30%	10%	0%	0%	0%
Employee	Employees	10%	10%	60%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	60%	10%	10%
Residential guest	Visitors	0%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	40%	60%	100%	100%	100%	100%	80%	50%
Resident reserved	Residents	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Residential suburban	Residents	100%	95%	88%	80%	75%	70%	68%	65%	65%	68%	71%	74%	77%	80%	83%	86%	89%	92%	100%
Residential urban	Residents	90%	85%	80%	75%	70%	69%	68%	67%	66%	55%	60%	55%	50%	55%	65%	75%	85%	90%	100%
Active senior	Visitors	94%	98%	97%	95%	93%	94%	97%	99%	100%	100%	99%	98%	98%	98%	97%	95%	94%	98%	98%
housing	Employees	94%	98%	97%	95%	93%	94%	97%	99%	100%	100%	99%	98%	98%	98%	97%	95%	94%	98%	98%
								Of	fice											
Office	Visitors	0%	20%	60%	80%	90%	100%	90%	80%	60%	40%	20%	10%	5%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
	Employees unreserved	0%	20%	60%	80%	90%	100%	90%	80%	60%	40%	20%	10%	5%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
	Employees reserved	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Medical/	Visitors	0%	0%	90%	90%	100%	100%	30%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	Π%	Π%	Π%	Π%	0%	0%
dental office	Employees	0%	20%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	D%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Bank (drive-in	Visitors	0%	0%	25%	40%	75%	100%	90%	0%	D%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
branch)	Employees	0%	0%	90%	100%	100%	100%	100%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%

Source: See chapter 4 discussions for each land use-